



SysMLv2: Beyond the hype

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/ From UML inheritance...

Fundament	Consistency	Model Exchange	Representation
• UML • an UML profile	• Inconsistencies between Definition and Usage • Inconsistent Semantics	• XMI • Open to different interpretations • Fragmented Tool Ecosystem • Hardly portable	• Diagram centricity • No formal textual language

From UML inheritance (SysML v1)

... to a native Systems Engineering Language

Fundament

- Not based on UML
- well defined metamodel and language model
- Based on KerML

Consistency

- Consistent separation of definition and usage
- more precise and more consistent semantics

Model Exchange

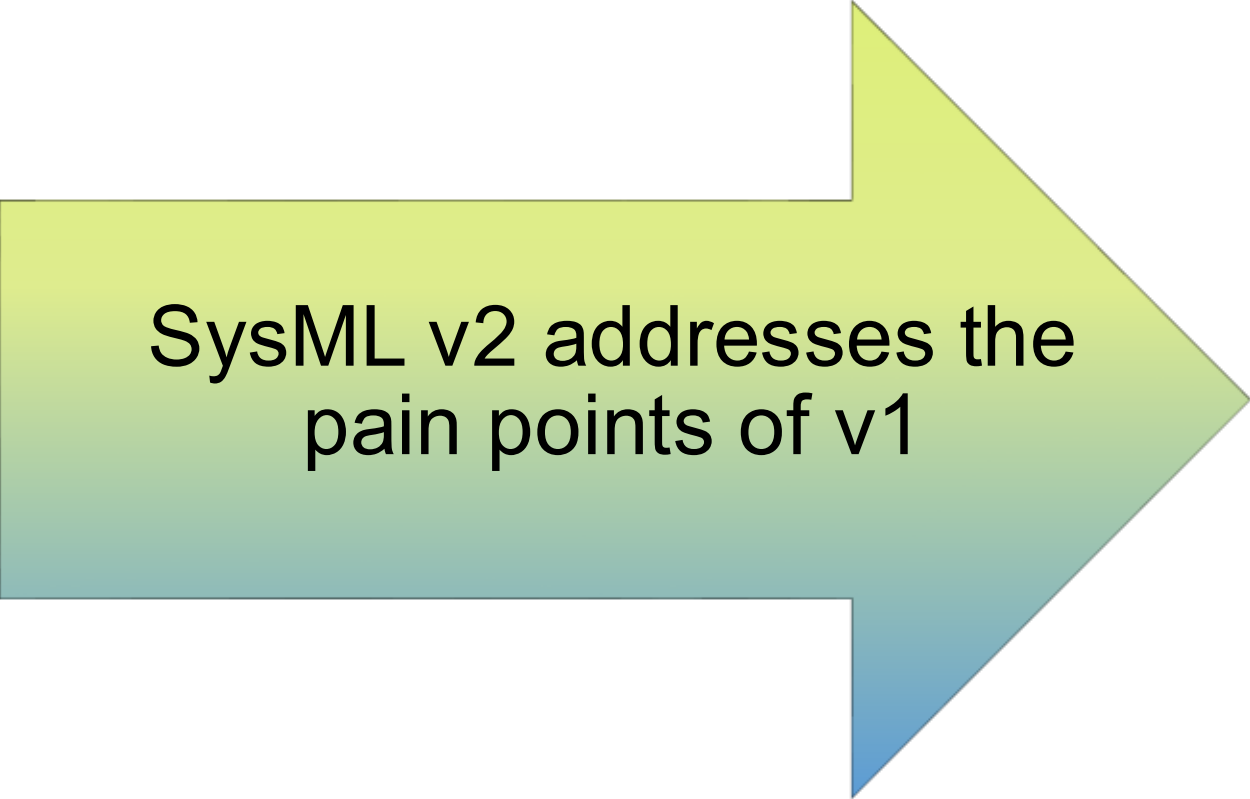
- Standardized SysML v2 API
- Portability between tool vendors
- Machine-readable

Representation

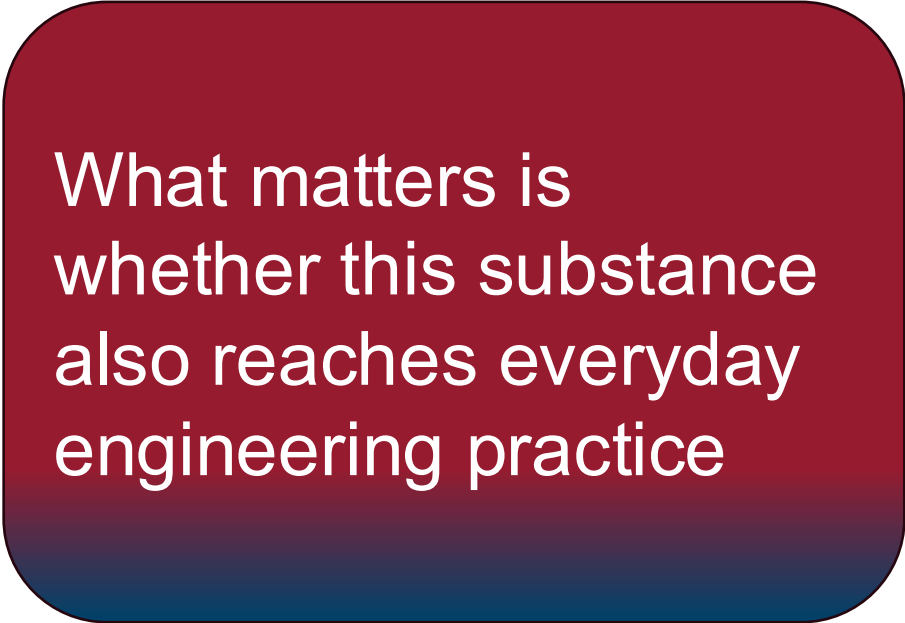
- Formal graphical notation
- Formal textual notation

To a native Systems Engineering Language (SysML v2)

From UML inheritance to a native Systems Engineering Language



SysML v2 addresses the
pain points of v1



What matters is
whether this substance
also reaches everyday
engineering practice

In principle **the hype got a basis**

But the **language alone** doesn't carry an engineering project

What needs to be added to **turn the hype into value?**

Interim conclusion

/ Three key factors for SysML v2 value



- Requirements are single source of truth
- Linked, versioned, and traceable across all V-levels

End-to-end requirements engineering



- SysML tool doesn't exist in isolation
- Integration in requirements management and testing via shared platform

Tool integration



- Tool must support the process itself not the other way
- Every day use depends on the extensibility of the tool

Methodology and process support



/ Example project : Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC)

What the project represents

- **Adaptive Cruise Control**
 - driver assistance system that regulates distance and speed
- **Limited scope**
 - Complex enough for real traceability
 - Small enough for presentation
- **Represented V-model levels**
 - Stakeholder requirements
 - Logical architecture
 - Test cases

Tool environment

Jazz platform ♦ Global Configuration Management

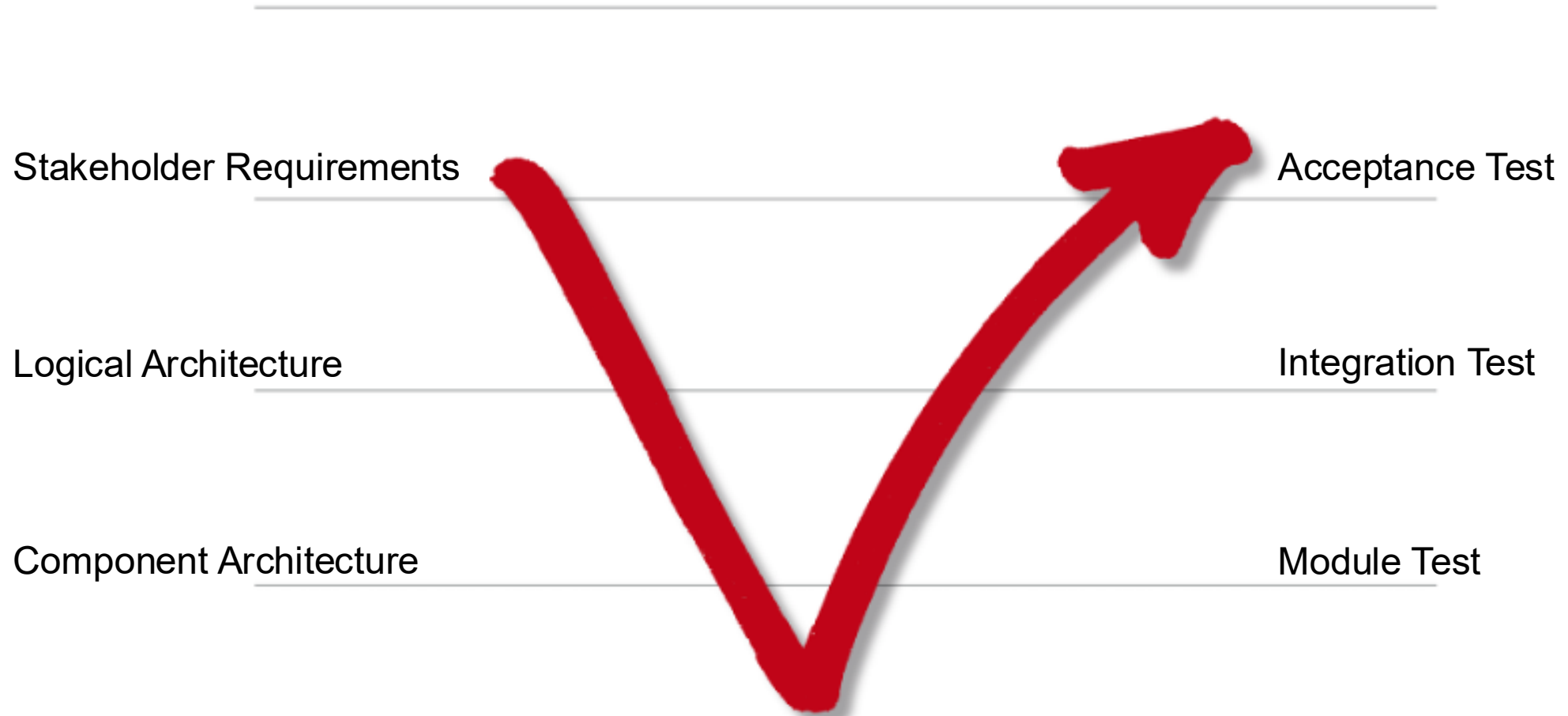
IBM Doors Next
Requirement

IBM Rhapsody Systems Engineering
SysML v2 model

IBM Engineering Test Management
Test Case ♦ Test Run

Connected via OSLC link ♦ global configuration baselines

/ V-model as framework



Key factor: End-to-end requirements engineering

Requirements as
single source of
truth

- Live in a dedicated tool
- Versioned, access-controlled, and reusable across projects
- SysML consumes; requirements are not part of the model

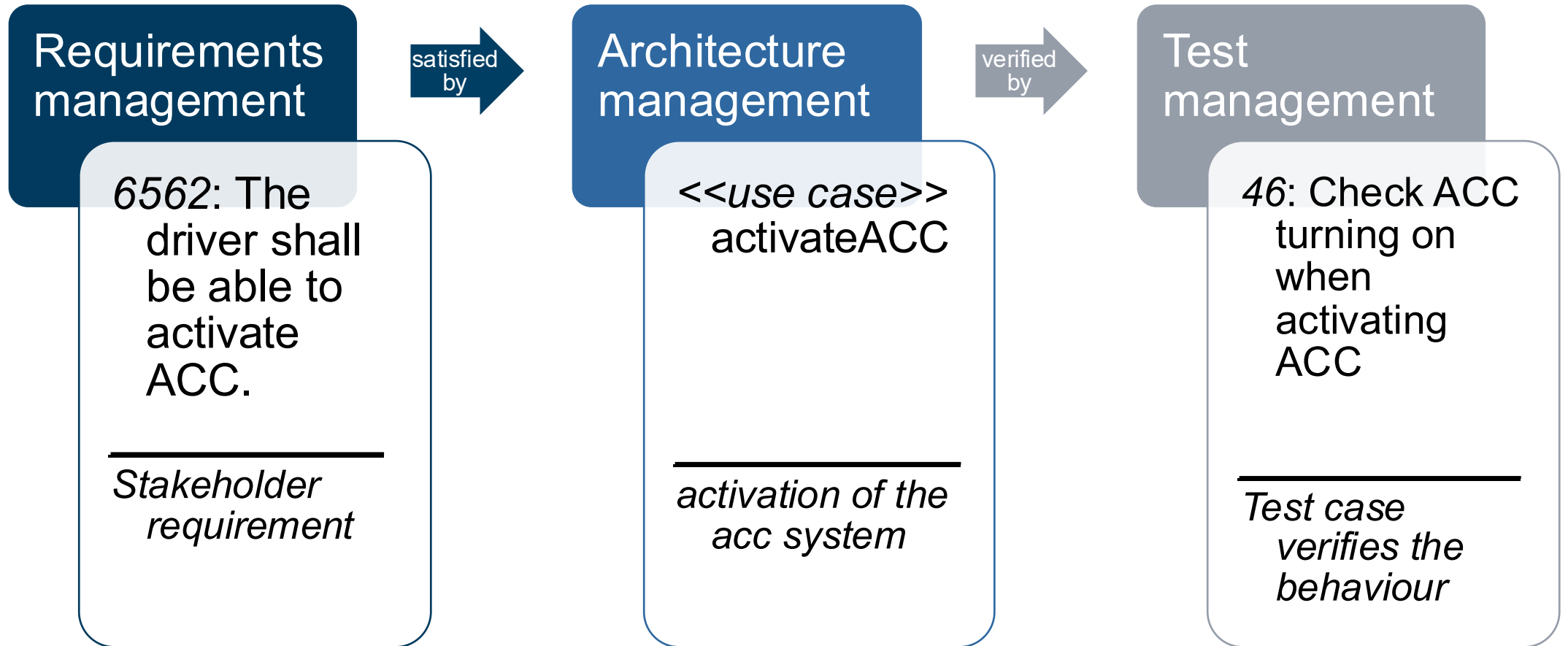
Clear trace
hierarchy

- Stakeholder requirement → SysML v2 element → Test case
- Stakeholder requirement → Test case

Connections
instead of copies

- Requirements become addressable
- Model references requirements, not the other way around
- Living relationships, no exports or synchronization interfaces

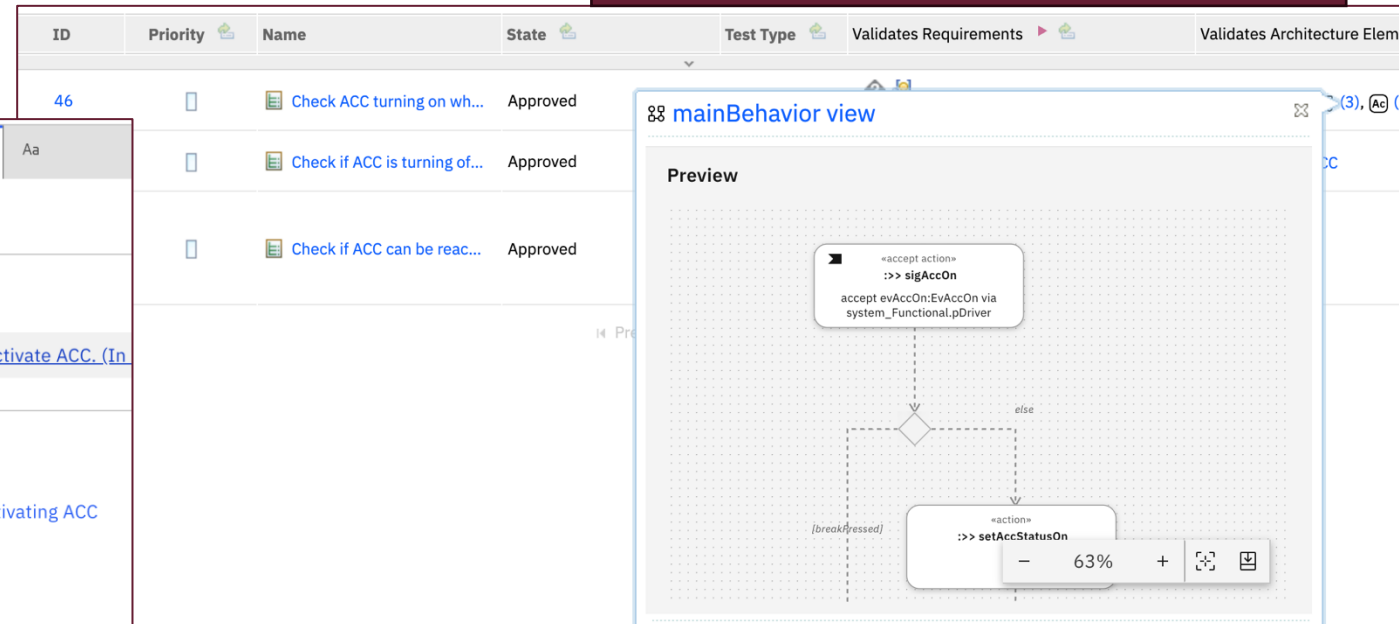
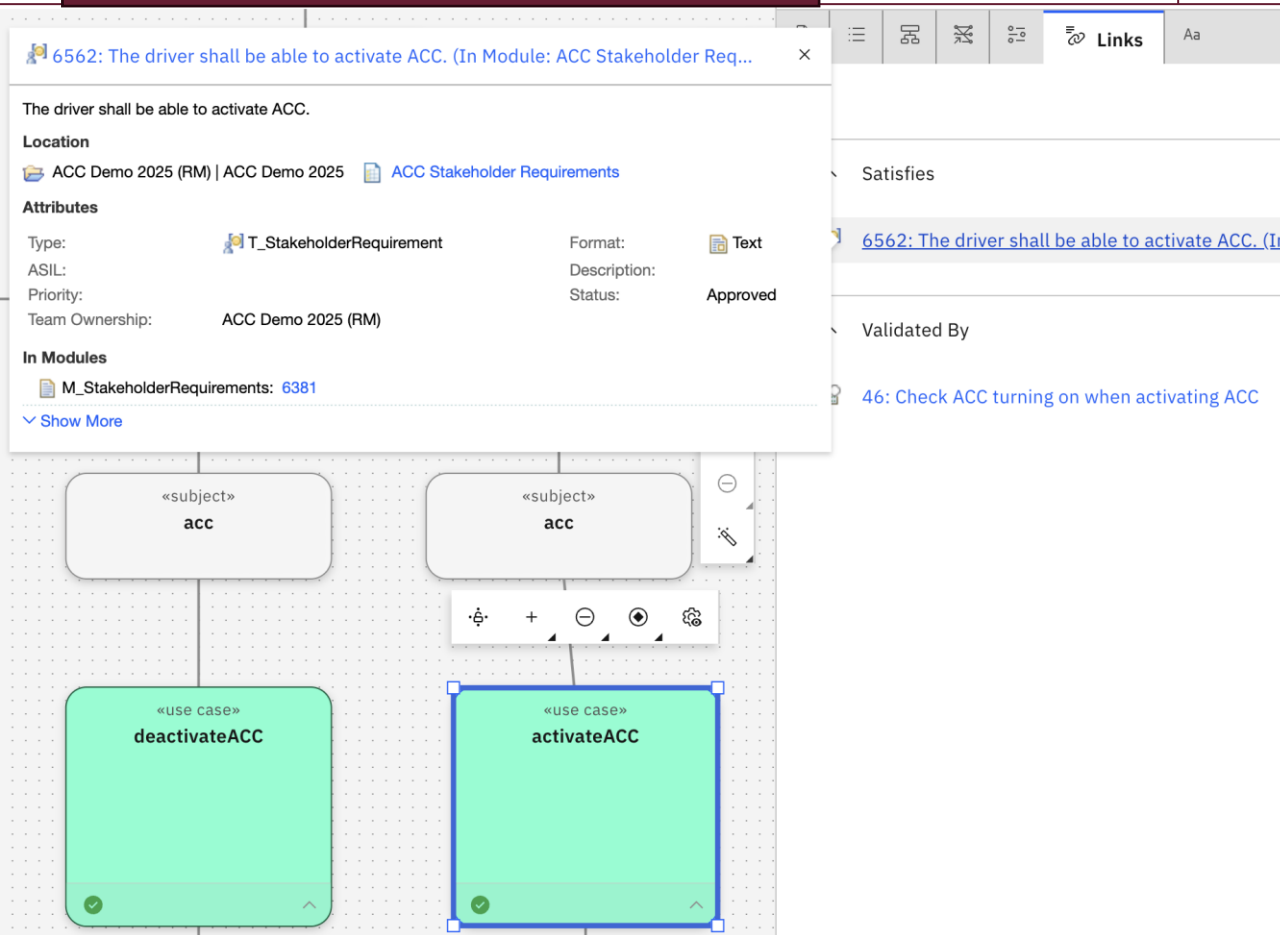
/ ACC : end-to-end traceability



ACC : cross tool view in practice

Engineering Test Management

Rhapsody Systems Engineering



Connections are bidirectional:
From the requirement into the model and from the
model back again. Both views show the same
trace, each from its own perspective. Cross-tool
visibility without changing tools.

/ Key factor: tool integration via shared platform

Integration platform ♦ common baseline

Requirements
management

*Stakeholder and systems
requirements*

Architecture
management

SysML v2 model

Test management

Testcases and verification

Three effects

A baseline for everything

A platform baseline brings together requirements, models, and tests in a single, referenceable state.

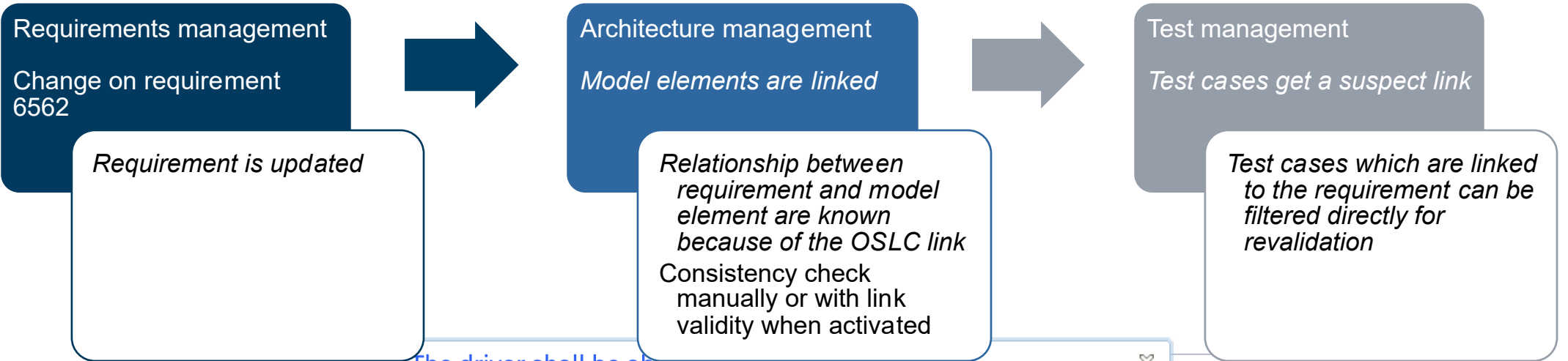
Visible change impact

You can see a change in a requirement automatically in the related models and tests.

Traceability for audits

Who changed what, when? And how does it affect verified requirements?

ACC : change impact across the toolchain



Without tool integration
this would stay a manual,
risky search task

6562: The driver shall be able to activate ACC.

The driver shall be able to activate ACC.

Location
ACC Demo 2025 (RM) | ACC Demo 2025 | ACC Stakeholder Requirements

Attributes

Type:	T_StakeholderRequirement	Format:	Text
ASIL:		Description:	
Priority:		Status:	Approved
Team Ownership:	ACC Demo 2025 (RM)		

In Modules
M_StakeholderRequirements: 6381

✓ Show More

47 | Check if ACC is turning off... | Approved | Functional

6562: The driver shall...
6568: The driver shall...

Validates Requirements

SODIUS WILLERT

/ Key factor : Methodology and process support

Established methodologies

Harmony SE

OOSEM

MagicGrid

Domain specific
processes

e.g. ASPICE

The key question

Does the tool support your process?
Or do you have to support the tool?

- No methodology fits your organization perfectly
- Evolved processes are not a weakness, they are the result of experience
- The tool must be able to use your processes

What needs to be customizable:

domain concepts as reusable language elements ♦ rules that the tool can verify ♦ process templates

/ ACC : methodology and process support

What Rhapsody SE offers

Standard Harmony Workflow

- 1.Requirements Analysis
- 2.Functional Analysis
- 3.Logical Analysis
- 4.Physical Analysis

What we adopted

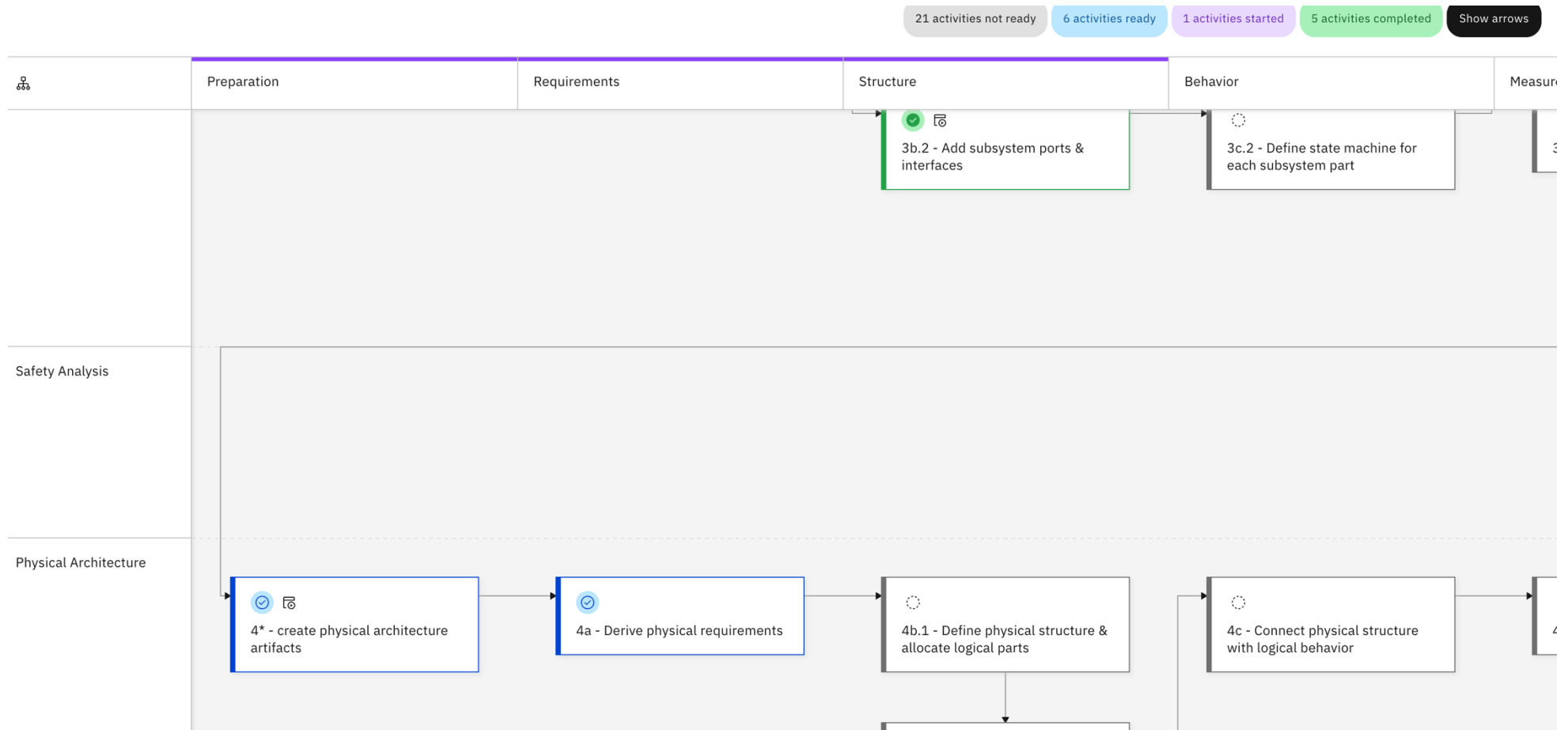
Domain specific Workflow

- 1.Requirements Analysis
- 2.Functional Analysis
- 3.Logical Analysis
- 4.Safety Analysis**
- 5.Physical Analysis

SysML v2 concepts

Language extension ♦ Libraries ♦ Templates

ACC : the process updated in the tool



Engineers follow the path the tool sets for them; consciously or unconsciously.
Adapt the workflow to your process.

/ Conclusion ♦ Take away

1

The language is necessary but not sufficient

- SysML v2 solves problems of v1
- The hype got a basis
- The fundament of a SE project is created from the interaction of requirements, tools and methodology

2

Established processes are strength not weakness

- The tool must be able to be adapted to your rules, not the other way around
- Libraries, extensions and workflow templates are the way to adopt your processes

3

Extensibility separates concept from reality

- if the tool knows your path, methodology is structurally supported not dependent on discipline

/ What is final? What is still growing?

Specification is final

SysML v2 & KerML are formal adopted



Migration v1 → v2

No auto converter available yet

API specification is formal

*Specification defines the standard
First tools use it*



Methodology changes

*The common methodologies are v1-based
and the change is in progress*

Textual Syntax is usable

*Models as code is possible, models are
reviewable like code*



Team competence

*New language and concepts need to be
learned*

Commercial Tools are using v2

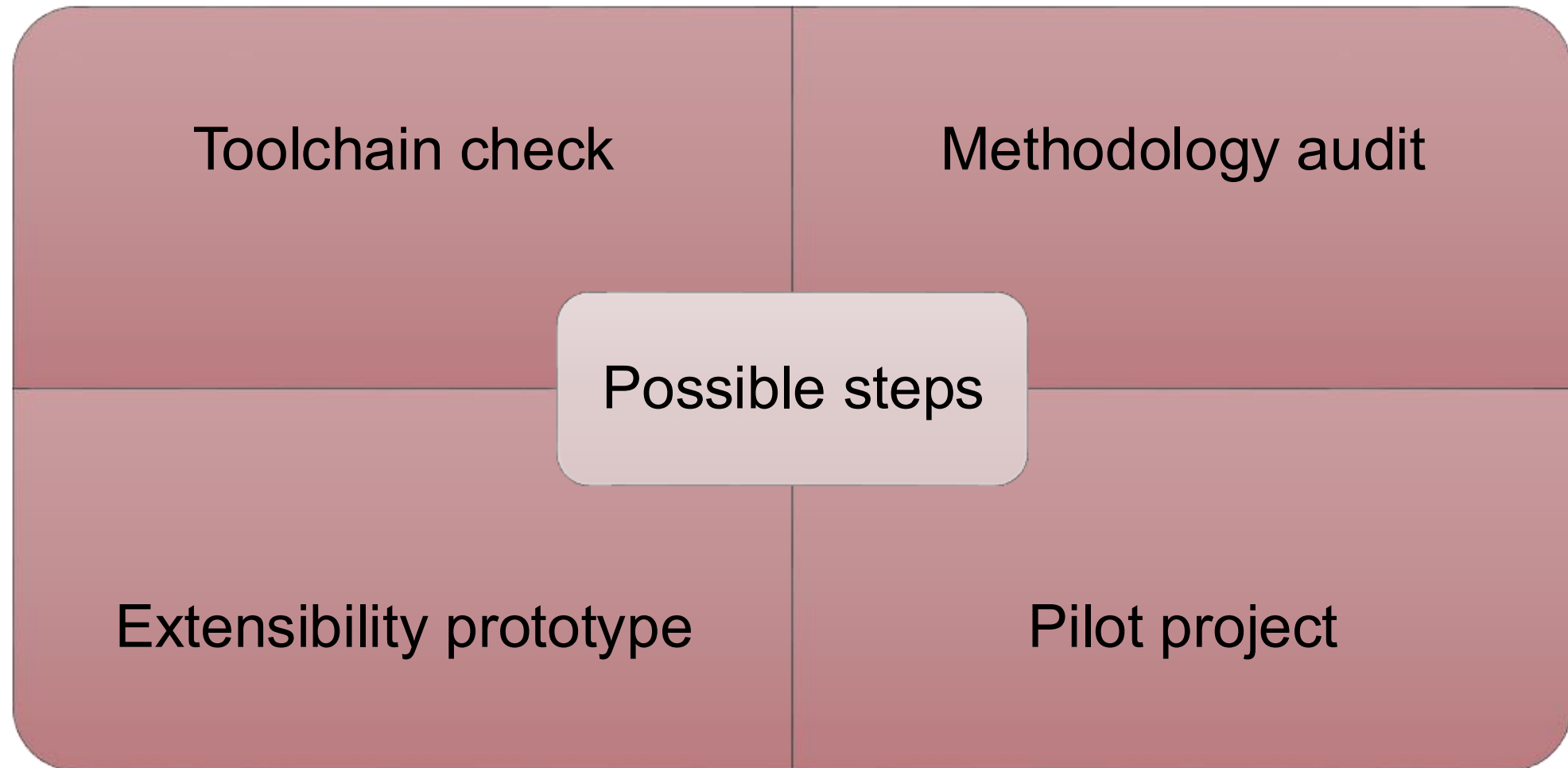
*e.g. IBM Rhapsody SE and Dassault
CatiaMagic offer SysML v2 solutions*



Feature gaps in tools

Not every tool supports the whole spec yet

/ What could be your next steps?



Start small ♦ Make it measurable ♦ Then scale up

Q & A

What are your take aways?

What remains open?

Test it! Use our Sandbox

Willert Software Tools offers access to Rhapsody SE Sandbox



Get your SysML v2 Cheat Sheet

You can get it also as multifunctional laptop cloth on our booth

Thank you



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