

# Applying AI to Engineering:

A perspective inspired by  
systems thinking

Daniel Moul, Principal Product Manager

April 2024



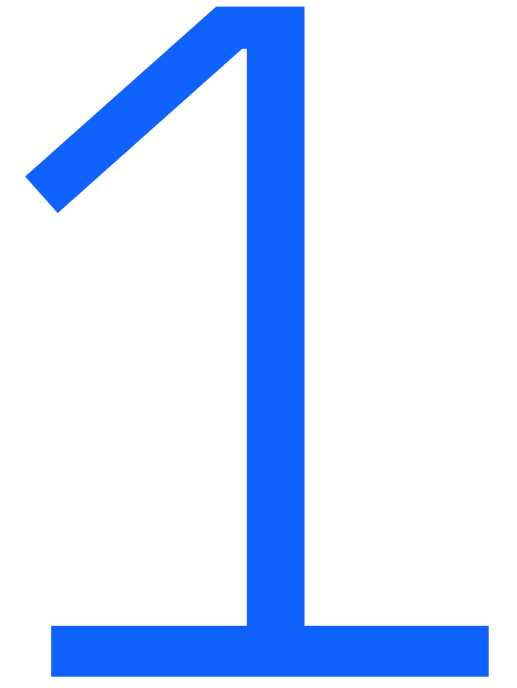
New rewards  
New risks  
New unknowns

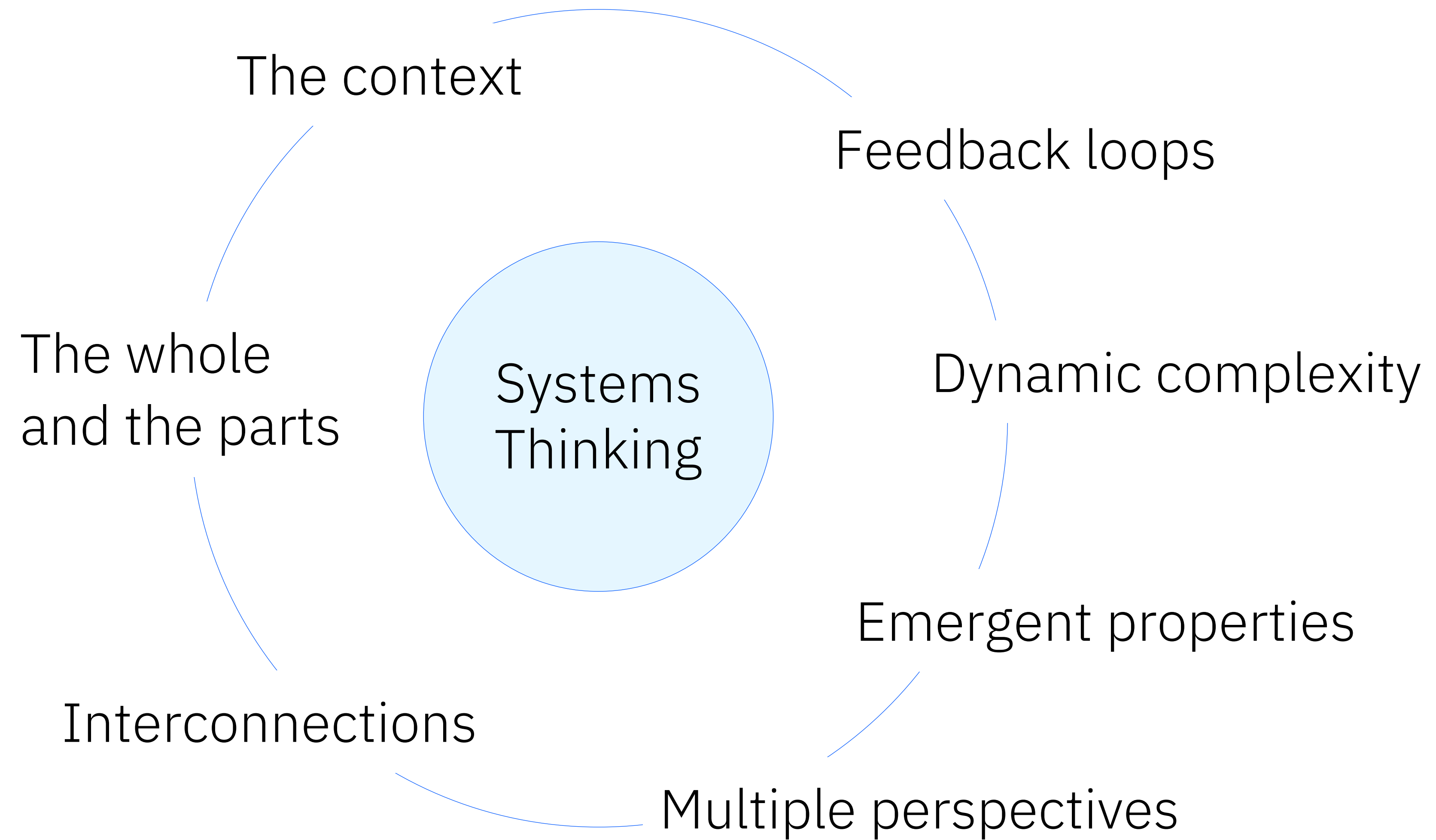


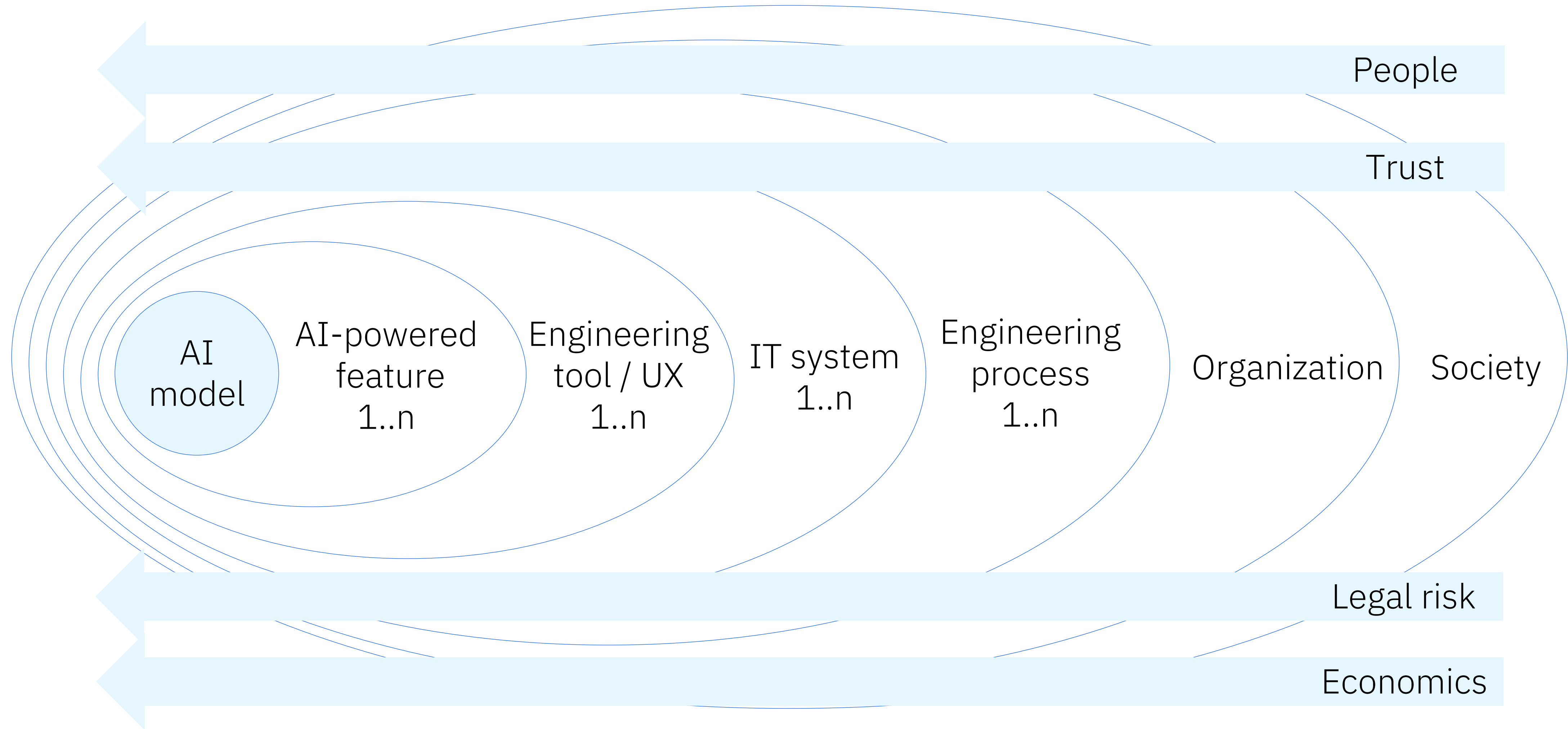
Source: [Theatrum orbis terrarum](#), 1570  
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# Systems Thinking



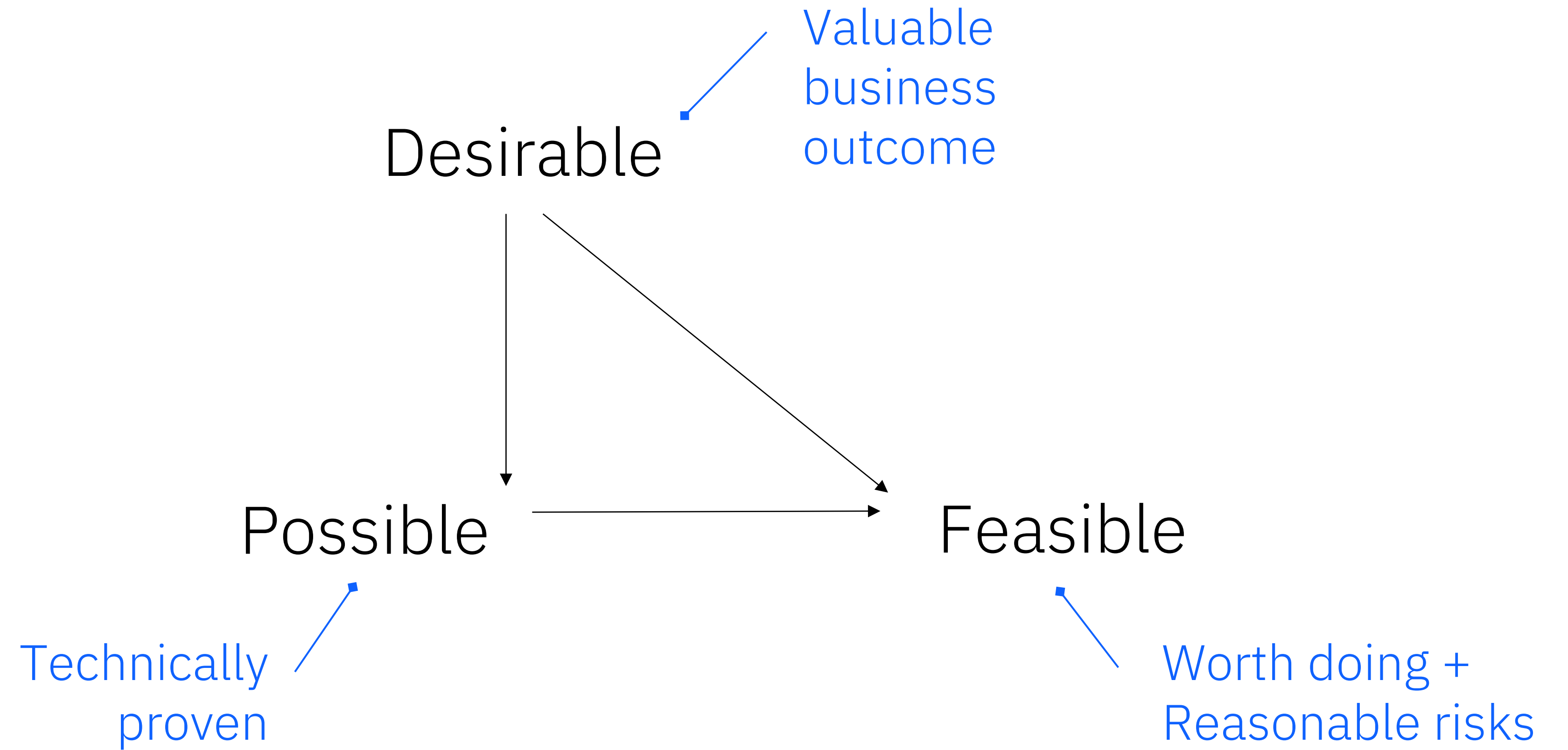




# The AI dynamic

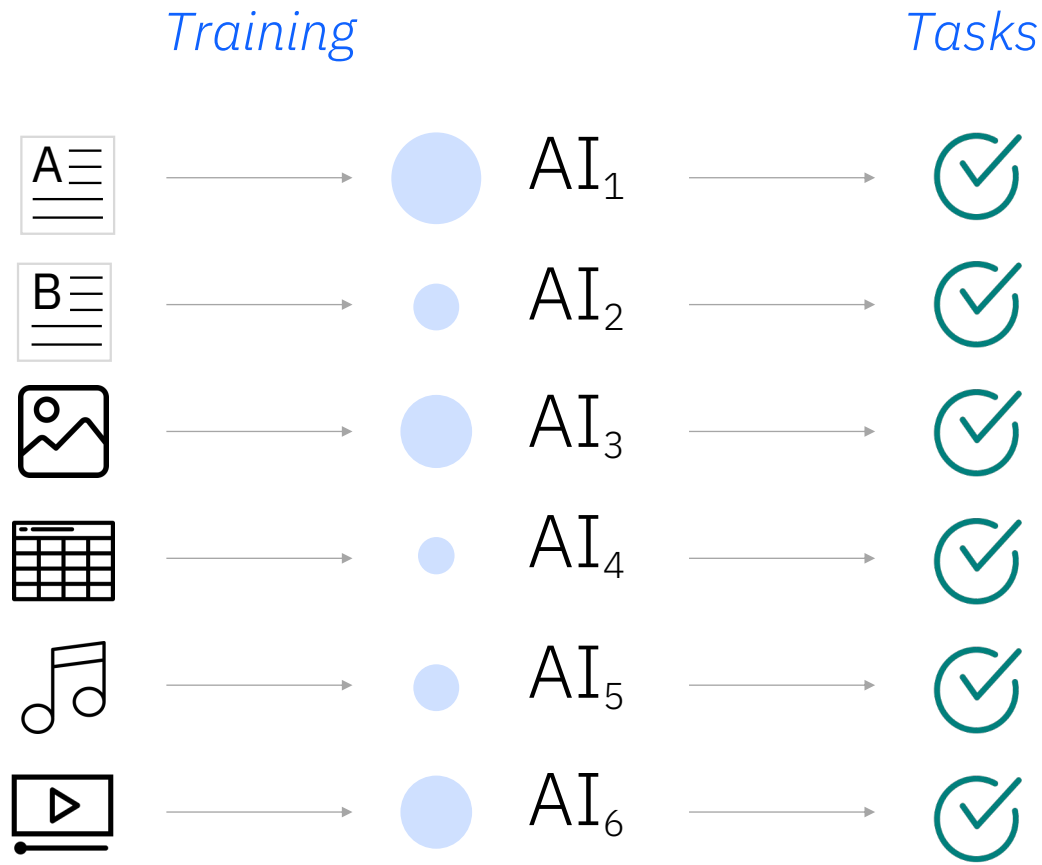
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# Where to focus



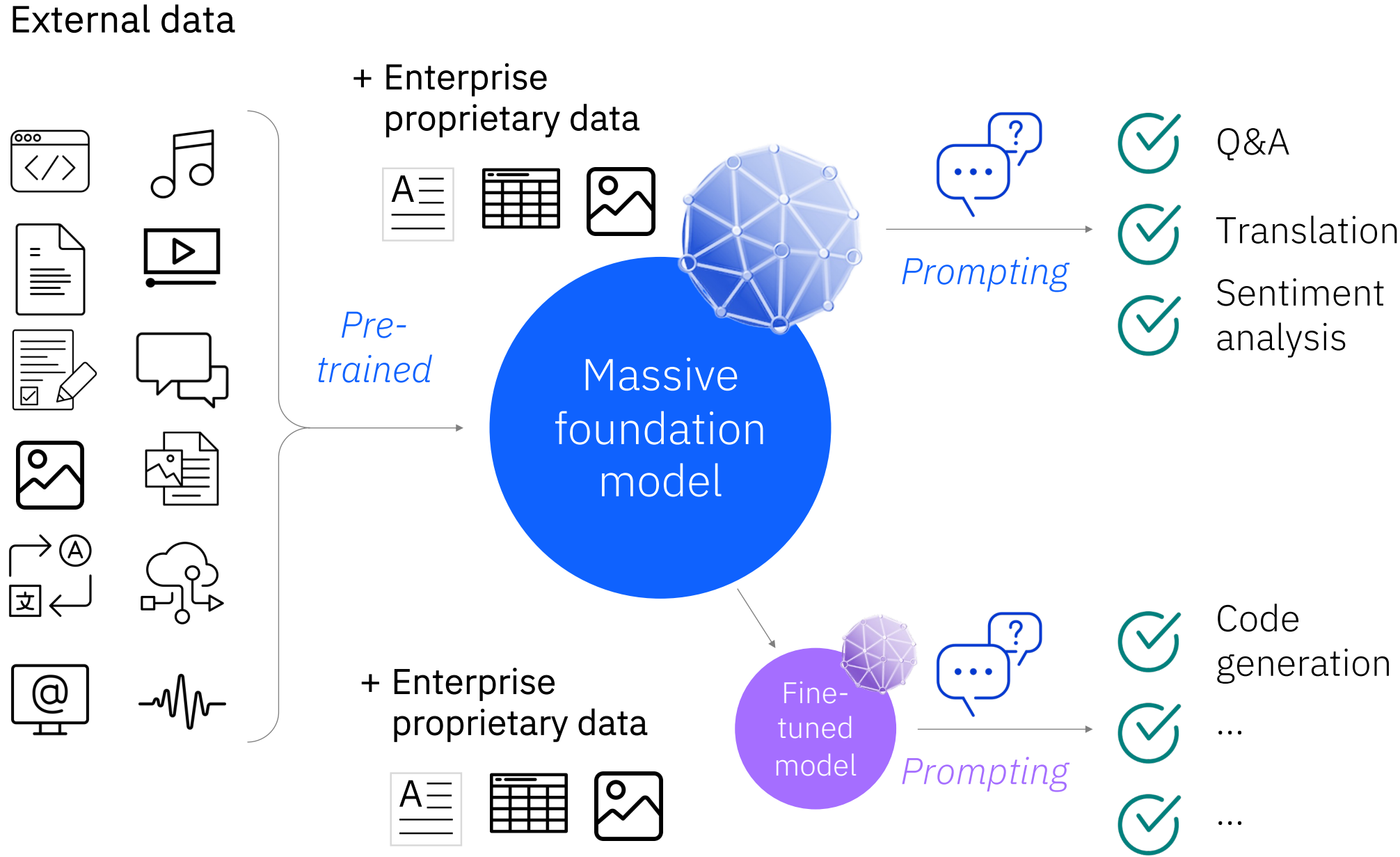
# Generative AI establishes a new paradigm for AI capabilities

## Traditional AI models



- Individual siloed models
- Require task specific training
- Lots of human supervised training

## Foundation models



- Massive multi-tasking model
- Adaptable with minimized training
- Pre-trained unsupervised learning

## Enhanced capabilities

- Summarization
- Conversational knowledge
- Content creation
- Code co-creation

## Key advantages

- Lower upfront costs through less labeling
- Faster deployment through fine tuning
- Equal or better accuracy for multiple use cases
- Incremental revenue through better performance

up to **70% reduction** in certain NLP tasks



# What's possible? Where is the frontier for engineers?

Working Paper 24-013

Navigating the Jagged Technological  
Frontier: Field Experimental Evidence  
of the Effects of AI on Knowledge  
Worker Productivity and Quality

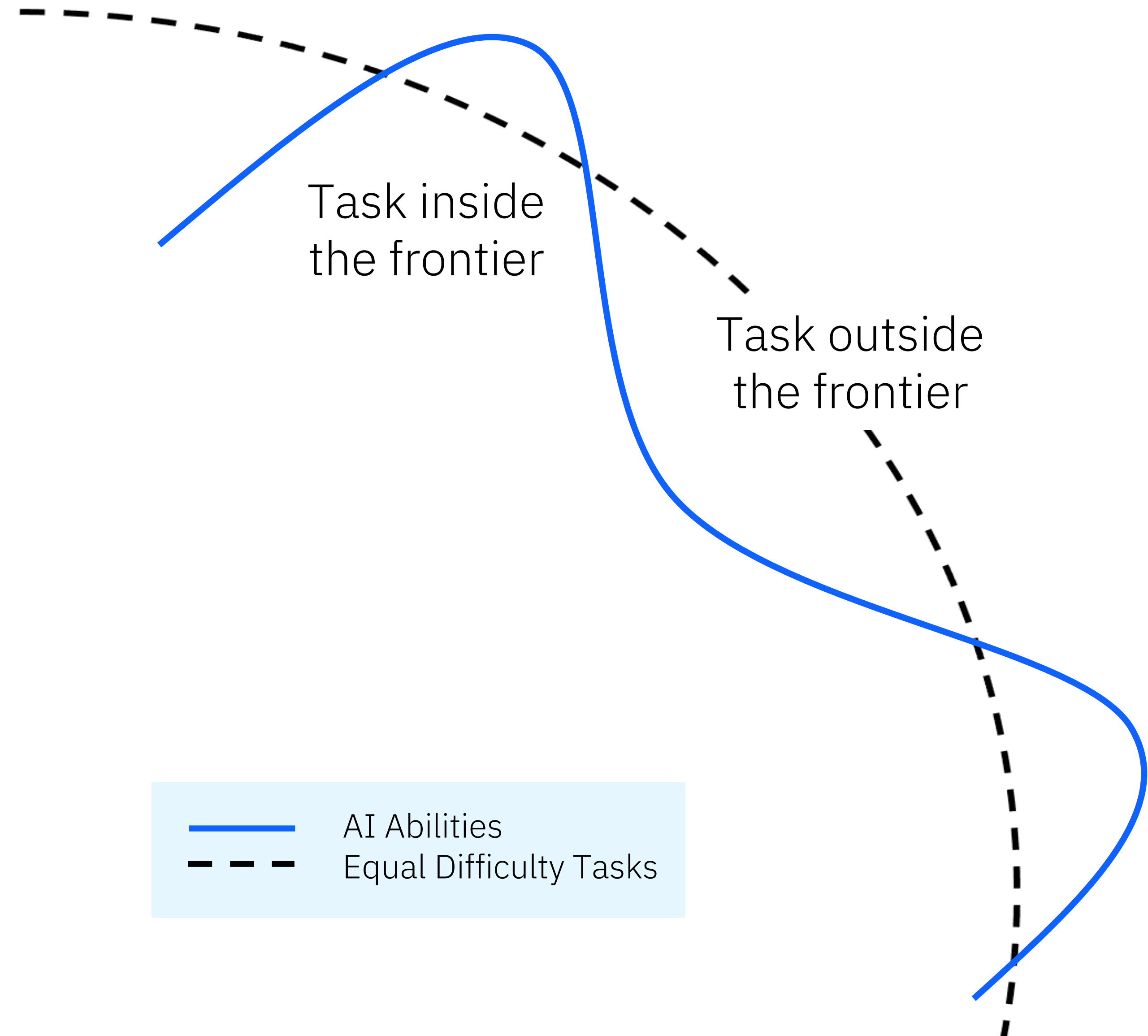
Fabrizio Dell'Acqua  
Edward McFowland III  
Ethan Mollick  
Hila Lifshitz-Assaf  
Katherine C. Kellogg

Saran Rajendran  
Lisa Krayer  
François Cadelon  
Karim R. Lakhani



[Paper](#) / [Blog](#)

## Jagged Frontier of AI Capabilities



# Feedback loop examples

If we automate use case A ...

- Will it short-circuit something important?
- How will our work council respond?
- What level of additional inaccuracy will [ our users / our customers / society ] accept if it increases their productivity?
- What risks are there to our brand?



# Limiting risk ...

Legal / ethical / organizational

- Training data provenance
- Intellectual property management (yours and your customers')
- Bias? Accuracy? Transparency?

→ Governance

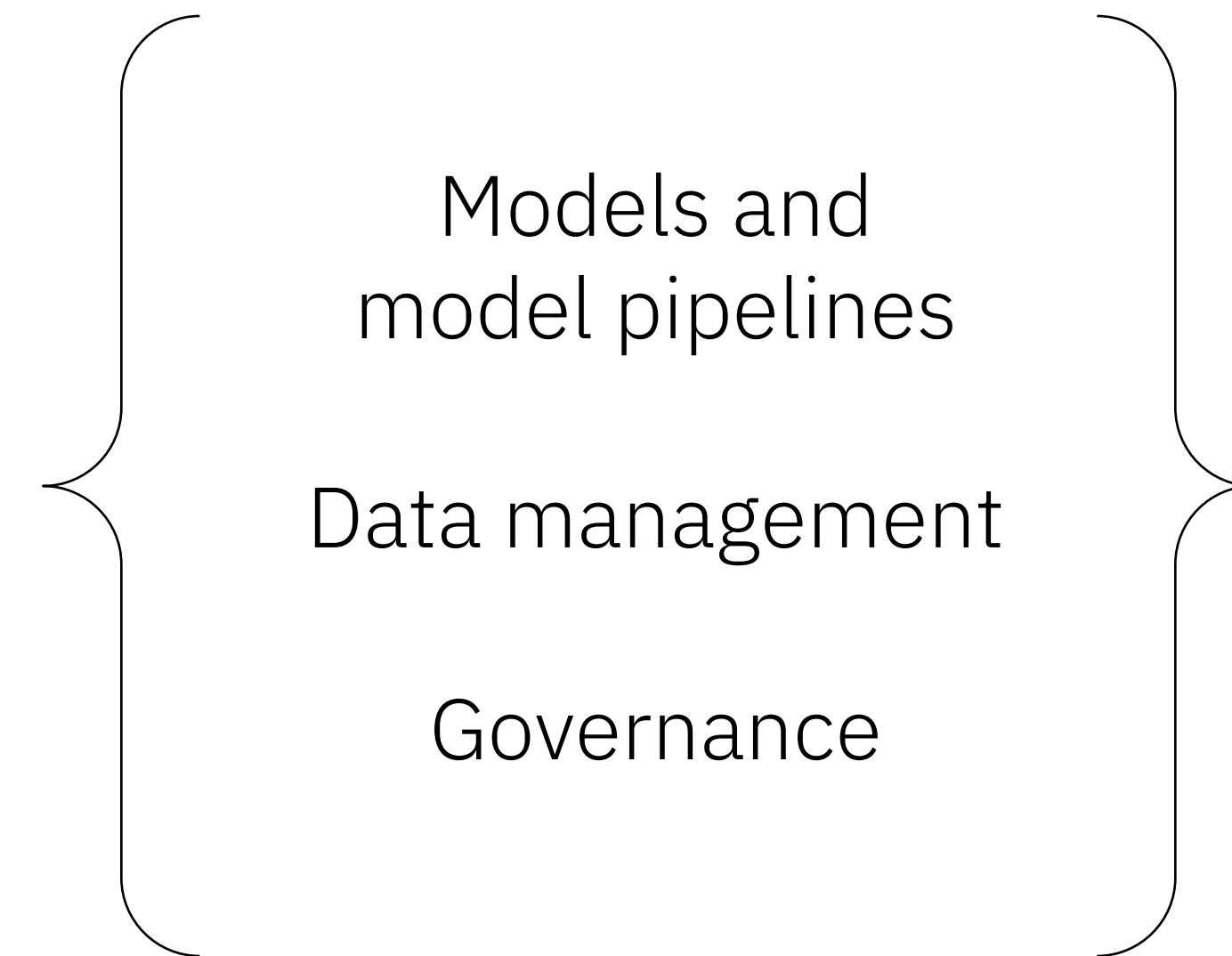
# Governance to limit risk

What models are available?

What teams may use which data,  
which models and for which purposes?

What work was done to ensure  
model performs OK?

What development process  
are teams following?

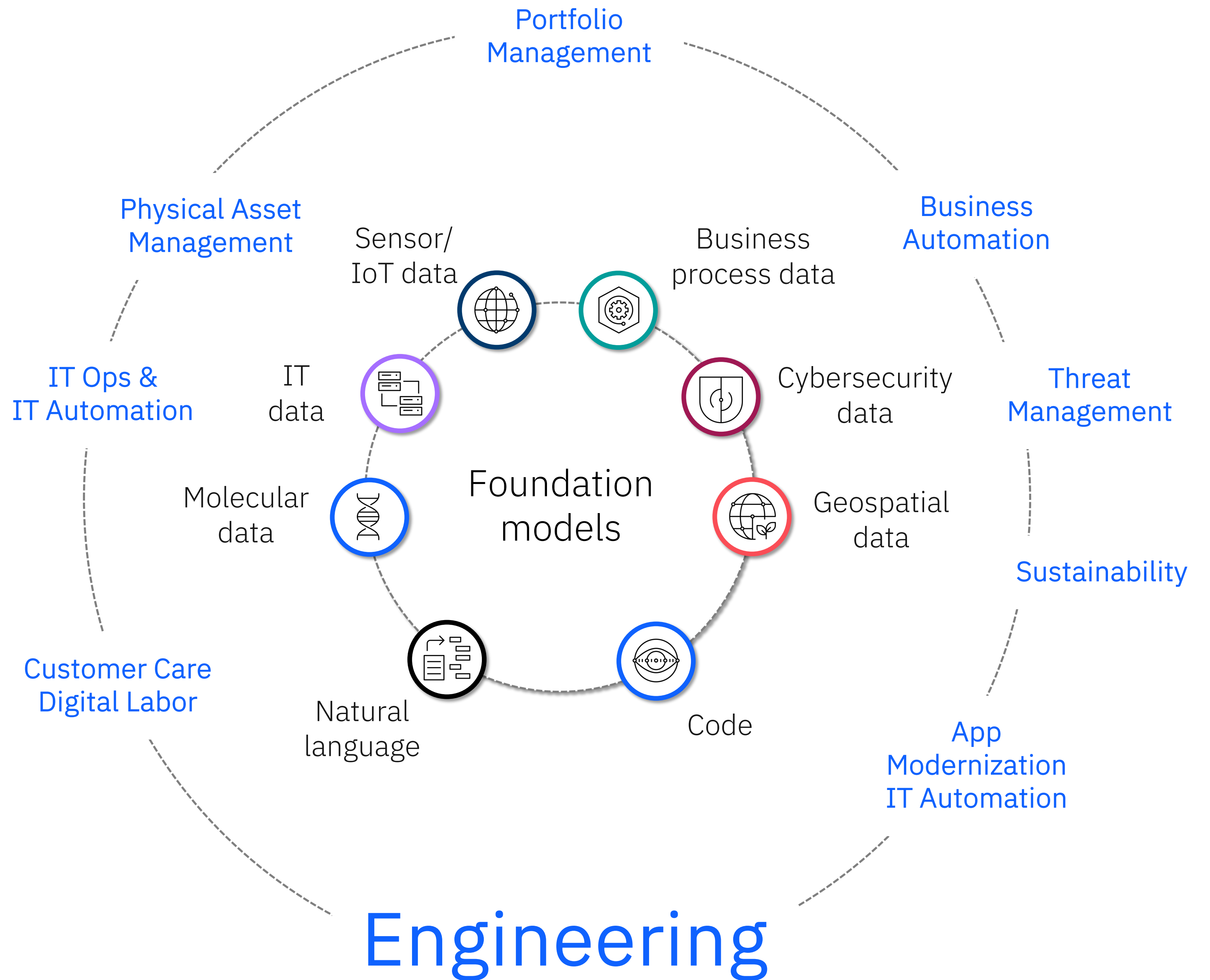




Go bigger

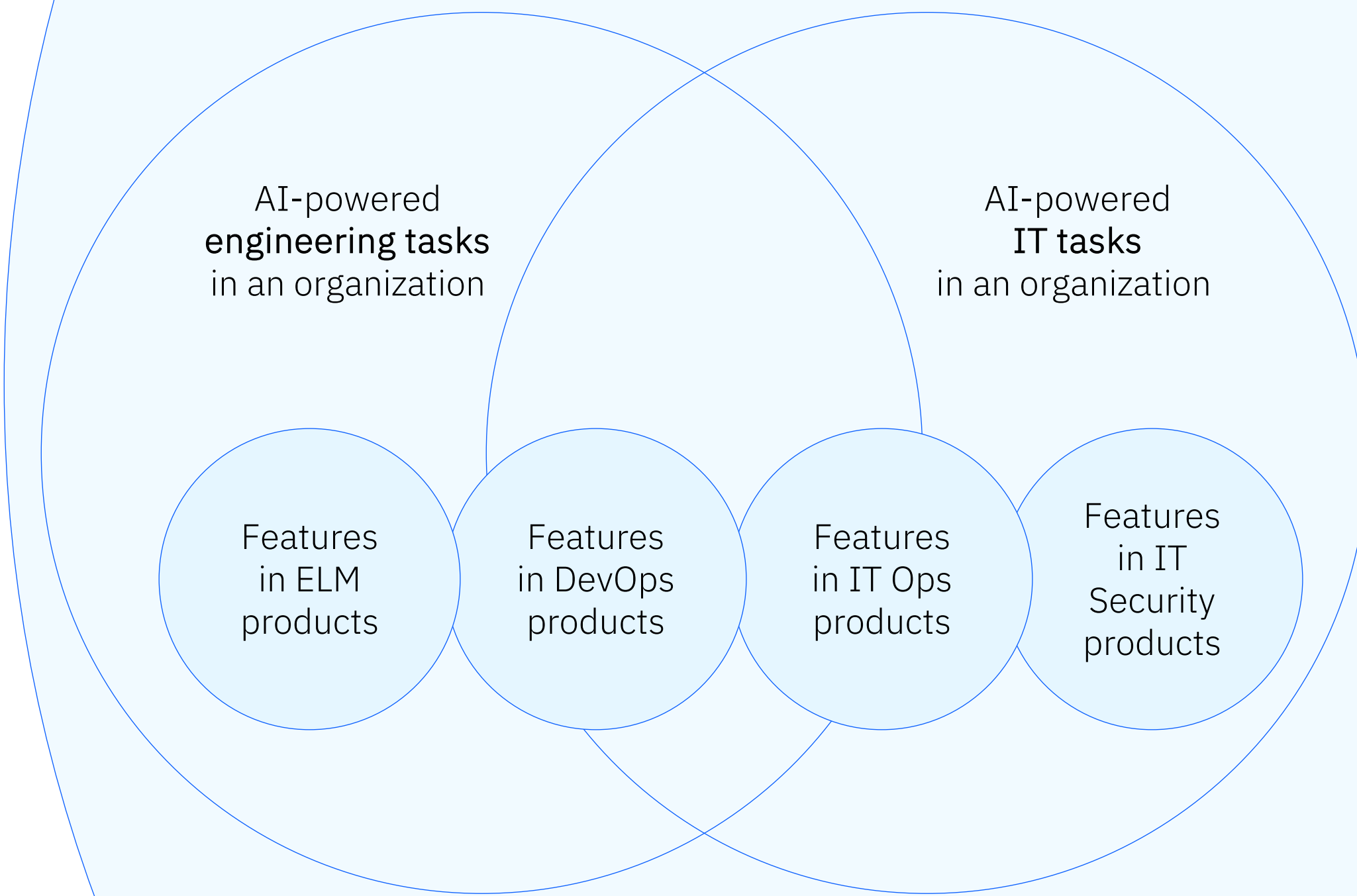
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Opportunity to unlock business advantage with foundation models trained across the breadth of enterprise data

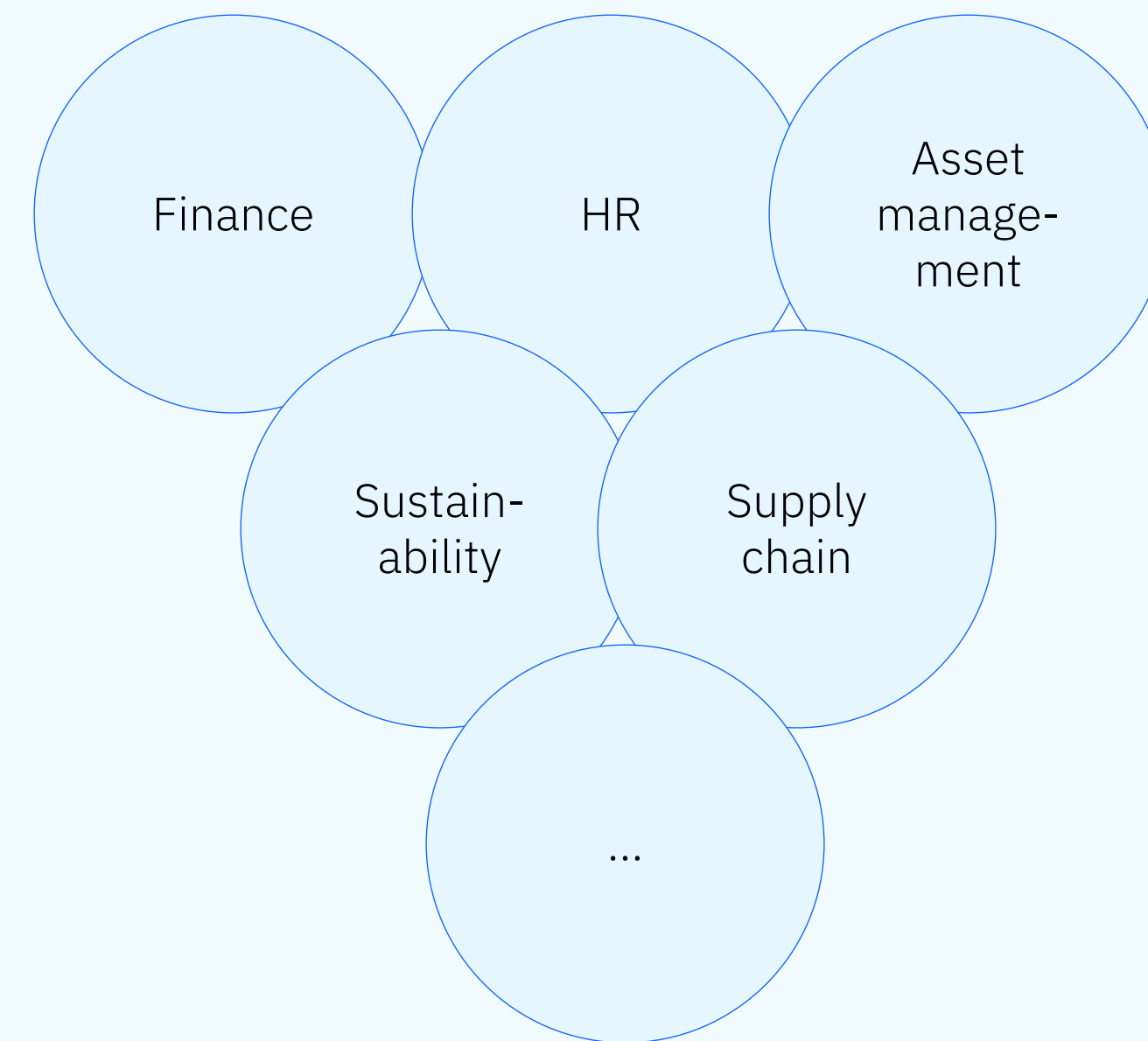




# AI opportunities all over the place



## AI-powered enterprise



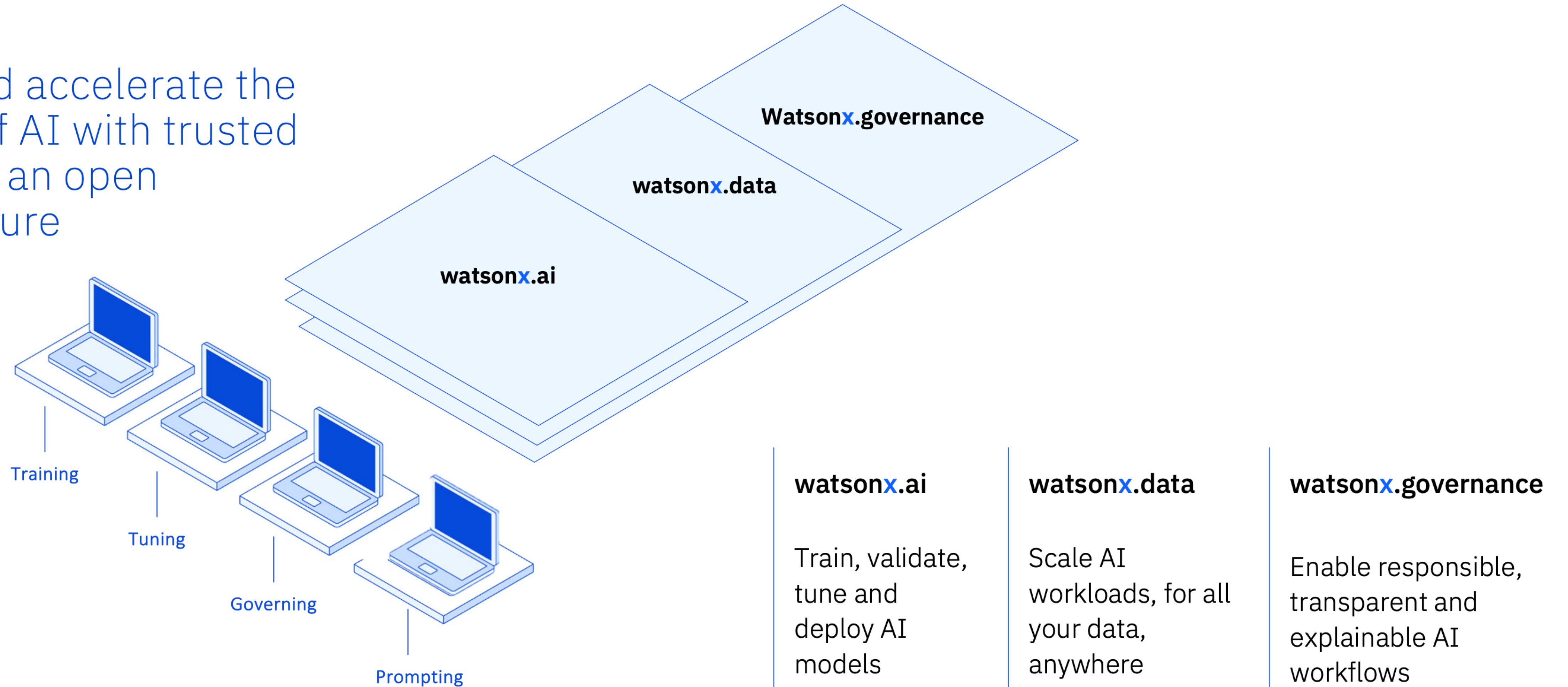
watsonx

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# watsonx




















The platform  
for AI and data

Scale and accelerate the  
impact of AI with trusted  
data and an open  
architecture





# IBM watsonx.ai Foundation Models Library: from open source, IBM, partners, your own

|  |   |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
|  <br><b>starcoder-15.5b</b><br>The StarCoder models are 15.5B parameter models that can generate code from natural language descriptions.<br>Foundation model by BigCode | <br><b>mt0-xxl-13b</b><br>An instruction-tuned iteration on mT5.<br>Foundation model by BigScience   |  <br><b>gpt-neox-20b</b><br>A 20 billion parameter autoregressive language model trained on the Pile.<br>Foundation model by EleutherAI  | <br><b>flan-t5-xl-3b</b><br>A pretrained T5 - an encoder-decoder model pre-trained on a mixture of supervised / unsupervised tasks converted into a text-to-text format.<br>Foundation model by Google | <br><b>flan-t5-xxl-11b</b><br>flan-t5-xxl is an 11 billion parameter model based on the Flan-T5 family.<br>Foundation model by Google   |
| <br><b>flan-ul2-20b</b><br>flan-ul2 is an encoder decoder model based on the T5 architecture and instruction-tuned using the Fine-tuned Language Net.<br>Foundation model by Google   | <br><b>mixtral-8x7b-instruct-v01-q</b><br>Mixtral-8-7b-instruct-v01-gptq model is made with AutoGPTQ, which mainly leverages the quantization technique to 'compress' the model weights from...<br>Foundation model by Mistral AI, tuned by IBM  |  <br><b>granite-13b-chat-v1</b><br>The Granite model series is a family of IBM-trained, dense decoder-only models, which are particularly well-suited for generative tasks.<br>Foundation model by IBM | <br><b>granite-13b-chat-v2</b><br>The Granite model series is a family of IBM-trained, dense decoder-only models, which are particularly well-suited for generative tasks.<br>Foundation model by IBM  |  <br><b>granite-13b-instruct-v1</b><br>The Granite model series is a family of IBM-trained, dense decoder-only models, which are particularly well-suited for generative tasks.<br>Foundation model by IBM |
| <br><b>granite-13b-instruct-v2</b><br>The Granite model series is a family of IBM-trained, dense decoder-only models, which are particularly well-suited for generative tasks.<br>Foundation model by IBM   |  <br><b>mpt-7b-instruct2</b><br>MPT-7B is a decoder-style transformer pretrained from scratch on 1T tokens of English text and code. This model was trained by IBM.<br>Foundation model by Mosaic, tuned by IBM | <br><b>llama-2-13b-chat</b><br>Llama-2-13b-chat is an auto-regressive language model that uses an optimized transformer architecture.<br>Foundation model by Meta   | <br><b>llama-2-70b-chat</b><br>Llama-2-70b-chat is an auto-regressive language model that uses an optimized transformer architecture.<br>Foundation model by Meta                                    |  |

 Model in deprecation

# Why watsonx?

1. Hybrid models: open source, IBM, partners, your own
2. Manage IP ownership / IP risk
3. On-prem or on cloud: your choice
4. Whole-lifecycle governance
5. Cost of inference

# IBM Engineering Lifecycle Management

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# Gen AI offers many opportunities along the ‘V’, for example...

Assess requirements from customer

Find duplicate and conflicting requirements

Requirements quality

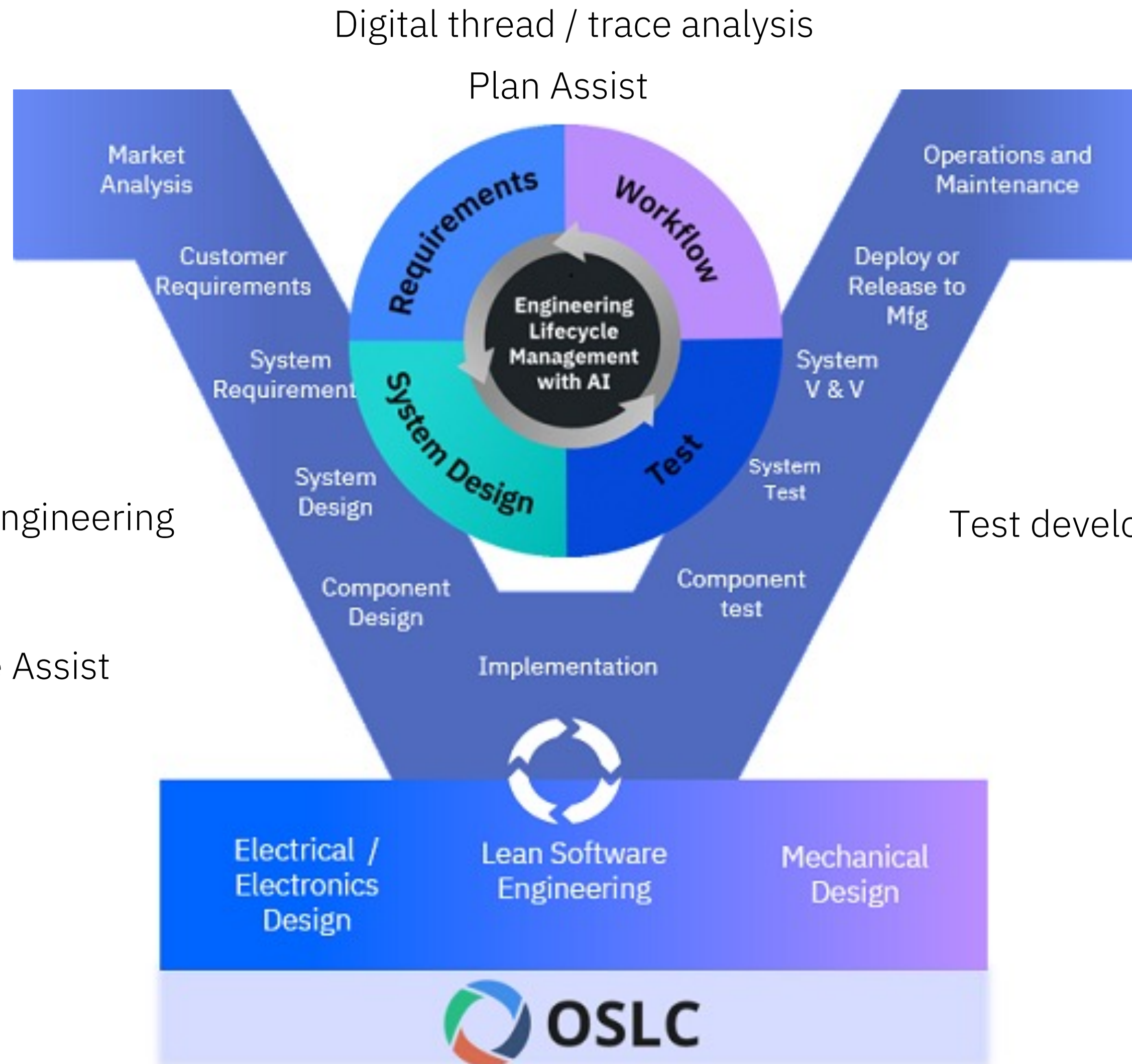
Accelerate systems engineering model development

Code Assist

Digital thread / trace analysis

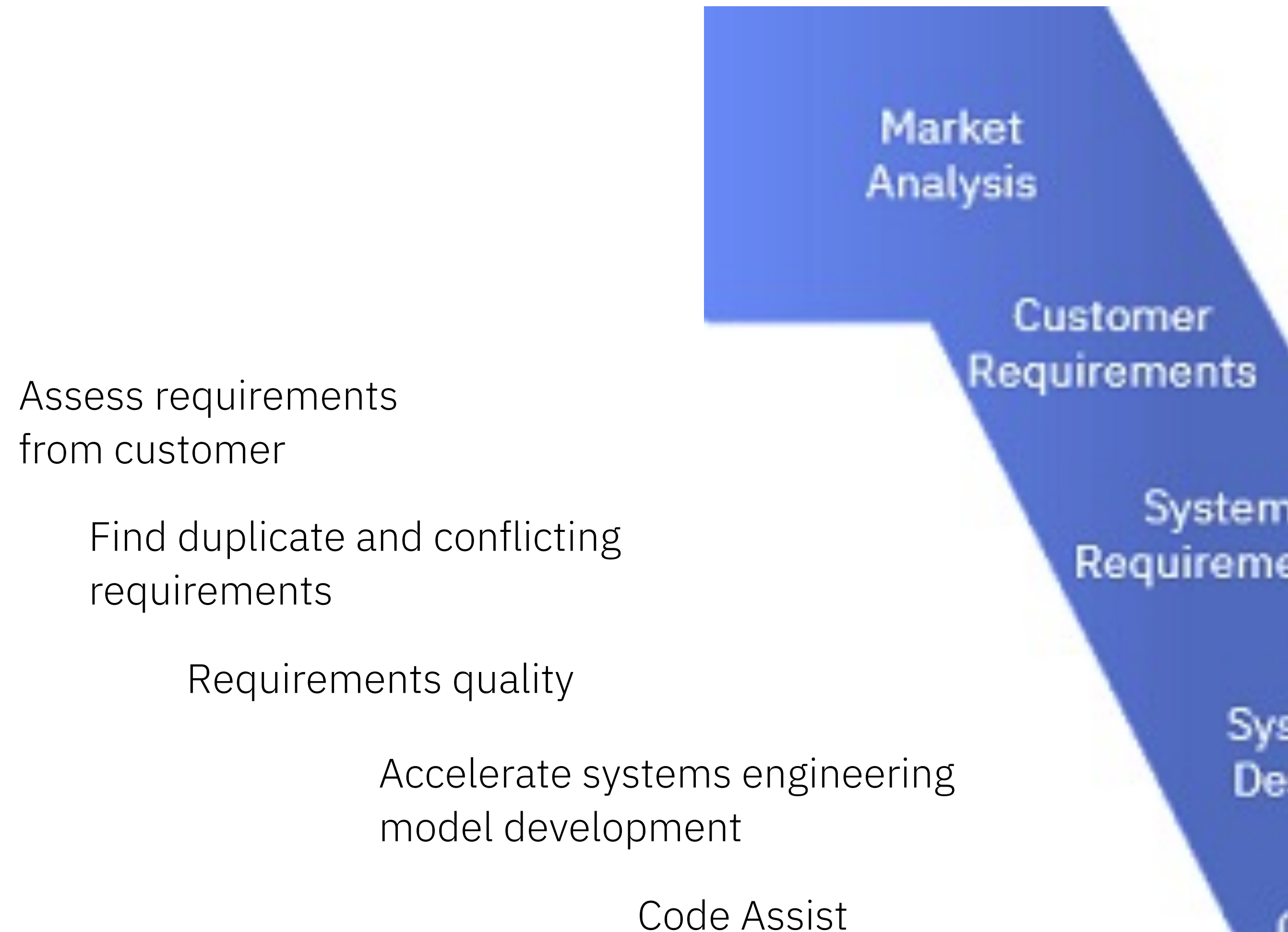
Plan Assist

Test development





# Some scenarios are more interesting than others



Why these scenarios?

Unbounded problems

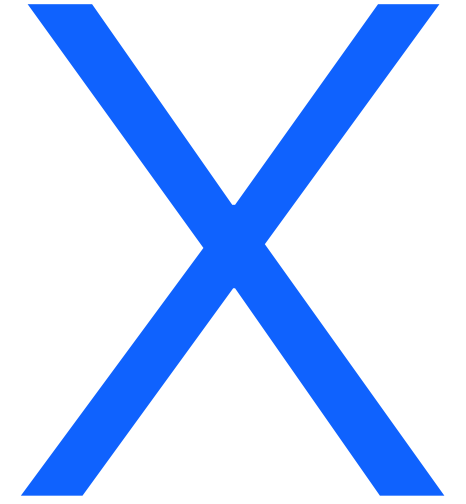
“Shift left” acceleration

Q & A

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Put AI to work with **watsonx**.

Learn more



# Learn more

<https://www.ibm.com/watsonx>

<https://www.ibm.com/products/engineering-lifecycle-management>



# Thank you

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